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ariculture,

The Elm City Nursery Company

Plant in Early Autumn

Frerureens Herbaceous Hardy Plants

Plant our Specimen Stock and gain immediate results.

It has required years to grow up these beautiful specimen trees and shrubs. They can be yours immediately.

The Elm City Nursery Company New Haven, Conn.



Nursery Department.



We grow and supply the best grade of nursery stock the market affords. Our facilities are very complete, every department being under efficient management. That our methods are meeting with popular favor is evidenced by the rapid growth our business enjoys. By purchasing from our Nurseries you are guaranteed *High Quality* stock. It is grown under most favorable conditions,

dug and packed by skilled and careful workmen. Our nursery stock can be depended on to produce maximum results when planted under favorable conditions. The Nurseries are open to the public every day of the year, but positively no business will be transacted Sunday.

Landscape Department.

Where *best* results are anticipated in Landscape and other Gardening work, experience is a most important factor. Our landscape department is under well equipped and expert management. We are glad to offer suggestions and submit sketches for plantings without charge to intending purchasers, but where landscape problems require special visits, plans, specifications, etc., a charge is made to cover expenses, etc. We will be pleased to take up this matter more fully with those who are interested.

Gardening Department.

We maintain a force of competent gardeners who can execute gardening work in a thorough and practical manner. Pruning and otherwise caring for established trees, vines, etc., is a special feature of our work, and one that an owner can afford to put into experienced hands only. Many trees whose worth cannot be counted in dollars, which are perishing from neglect, can be restored to health and given a new lease of life if given proper treatment.

We can refer to many satisfied clients who have approved our planting plans, procured their stock from us and employed us to carry out the work. Genuine economy is many times gained by having all the work incidental to the carrying out of a landscape problem under one contract.

Our General Descriptive Catalogue.

We are pleased to send it without charge to all who inquire.

The Elm City Nursery Company

EDGEWOOD, Edgewood Avenue, NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Contents of this catalogue copyrighted, 1909, by The Elm City Nursery Co., New Haven, Conn.

Important to Purchasers



A glance down one of our arbors which serve to give protection from the sun to such partial shadeloving plants as specimen Box, Bay-trees, Hollies, Andromedas, Rhododendrons, Mahonias, etc. These attractive plants at once suggest beautiful gardening possibilities.

PRICES — NOTE CARE-FULLY. Single rate prices are for less than five of a kind.

Ten-rate prices are for five or more and less than twenty-five of a kind.

Hundred-rate prices are for twenty-five or more and less than 250 of a kind.

Thousand-rate prices are for 250 or more of a kind.

We cannot agree to fill small orders for a few of a kind for less than single rates, as it oftentimes takes one over many acres of ground to fill a single order, and the proportionate expense of digging and packing orders must be taken into account.

SPECIAL DISCOUNTS ON TREES AND PLANTS. To those who send us orders for less than five of a kind, shipped at the same time, amounting to the following:

Orders amounting to \$10.00, a discount of 5% Orders amounting to \$30.00, a discount of 10%

Orders amounting to \$50.00, a discount of 15% Orders amounting to \$75.00, a discount of 20%

FROM SINGLE RATE PRICES.

Orders amounting to \$100.00, a discount of 25%

Special discounts on larger orders. Send us list for estimates.

These discounts apply to Trees and other Plants only, and not to grass seed, fertilizers, etc.

Trees and Plants individually selected at our nurseries or special quotations will be charged for according to quoted price without discounts.

TERMS. Cash in advance from unknown parties who do not furnish satisfactory reference. We send invoice at time of shipment of order, and should any error be noticed on receipt of goods notify us immediately and we will do all in our power to rectify it.

HOW ORDERS ARE SHIPPED. We ship all large trees and other bulky orders, which are to go outside the city, by freight, unless otherwise requested. Medium sized orders can be shipped by express to advantage; this is especially advisable where immediate arrival is desired. All orders are delivered free to local freight, express companies and in the city. We are not liable for delays by forwarding parties. If stock is not promptly received notify us and we will promptly trace.

PACKING. We make no charge for packing except where stock is purchased at hundred-rate prices or in case of large bulky stock, or where we are requested to ship with carefully preserved balls of earth, etc., which necessitates devoting more time and packing material than is usual. In such instances a charge covering cost is made.

HOW TO REACH US. Our nursery and office are located at EDGEWOOD, Edgewood Avenue, just beyond Edgewood Park. The Edgewood Ayenue cars direct to the nursery from the Railroad Station, and by transfer from transfer points. Parties autoing, driving or wheeling to the nursery will find West Chapel Street the best route, turning to the right at either Central or Alden Avenue.

EARLY ORDERS. To one familiar with the rush at the packing season, it must be obvious that it is impossible to fill an order requiring much time in its preparation on short notice without doing an injustice to others who have their orders previously booked. In fairness to all, we have adopted the practice of filling orders in the rotation received, unless orders are received far enough ahead of the packing season, with instructions to ship at a given date, so that we can arrange a special shipping date. So we again say—place your order as far in advance of shipping as you possibly can, stating when you would like stock sent.

THE ELM CITY NURSERY COMPANY, EDGEWOOD, Edgewood Avenue, NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Choice and Rare Evergreens for Early Autumn Planting



This illustration shows a handsome White Pine (Pinus Strobus) about 12 feet high, with ball of earth carefully secured with burlaps, just dug from a nearby block of fine specimens. We have a splendid lot of these specimen evergreens, which have been so frequently transplanted that large balls of earth can be taken up with each tree, insuring successful transplanting. Immediate effects can be gained with these specimen trees

Why this Season for Transplanting Evergreens?

A LL the Hardy Evergreens transplant to special advantage during early Autumn and with good balls of earth even late into the Fall. Early planting gives ample opportunity for the trees to become well-rooted before cold weather, without the exhaustion incident to new growth which quickly follows Spring

This is especially true of Autumn planting when Evergreens are taken up with balls of earth, a practice we recommend. All our Evergreens have been specially prepared by root pruning so that they take up with a splendid system of roots. Every care is taken at the Nursery to provide against exposure during digging and transporting of all our stock, especially the Evergreens.

How to Ship Evergreens.

When delivery is within economical distance for hauling by teams, we recommend that way. Small orders to distant points can be boxed for shipping by freight or express, but where a number of specimen trees are to be sent, we advise shipping in bulk in car lots; this saves the cost of boxing and insures their arrival without injury. We gladly advise, if requested, the shipping method we recommend for individual shipments.

Prices of Evergreens.

See following pages for prices of the usual sizes. The prices of specimens will vary with each plant, as they vary greatly in individual merit. It is desirable to visit the Nursery and make a personal selection, but where this is not practicable, we will gladly make selections for a customer when we are advised what special material is desired. We will also recommend groupings for special effects to those who desire us to do so.

Per 100.

Each.



Evergreen Trees.

We have followed the popular arrangement in making up this list; thebotanical names you will also find alphabetically arranged.

16.		Each.	10.	100.
	ABIES, see Fir. ARBORVITAE AMERICAN, (Thuya Occidentalis). Specimens, carefully trained, 3 to 20 feet, \$1.00 to Also known as 6 to 7 feet. White Cedar. All 5 to 6 feet. things considered 4 to 5 feet. this native evergreen and its num-2 to 3 feet. erous varieties is 8 to 12 inches. among our most useful of evergreens. Very easy to transplant and thriving on a great variety of soils, it is naturally in very great demand. Our stock, especially in the small and medium sizes, is very large. Special prices for hedge plant grades.	\$25.00 2.00 1.50 1.25 1.00 .75 .35	\$17.50 12.50 9.00 7.50 6.00 2.50	\$60.00 40.00 15.00
Weeping Blue Spruce A rare and charm- ing form of this popu- lar evergreen.	ARBORVITAE AMERICAN VAR. GEO. PEABODY. Specimens, 2 to 5 feet, \$2.00 to One of the best 18 to 24 inches. golden forms, very 12 to 18 inches. striking. ARBORVITAE AMERICAN VAR.	10.00 1.00 .75	7.50	
getting to be more than	8 to 12 inches.	10.00 1.50 1.00 .50	12.50 7.50 3.50	25.00
ARBORVITAE AMERICAN Globular in form; folia tinge and very compact. ARBORVITAE AMERICAN	Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$1.00 to ge light green with a golden 18 to 24 inches. 12 to 18 inches.	5.00 1.00 .50	9.00 4.50	
Pyramidal form, rich d ful where a formal colun	Specimens, 5 to 10 feet, \$2.00 to ark green foliage. Very usen of deep green is required. desirable for hedges, as its ttle trimming is required. 8 to 12 inches.	$\begin{array}{c} 20.00 \\ 1.50 \\ 1.00 \\ .75 \\ .50 \end{array}$	12.50 7.50 6.00 3.50	50.00 40.00 25.00
Compact and dense of	Specimens, 2 to 8 feet, \$2.50 to foliage, the color remains 3 to 4 feet. ghout the year. One of the 2 to 3 feet.	15.00 1.50 1.00	12.50 7.50	
of a fan-shaped appearance	Specimens, 4 to 10 feet, \$2.00 to the close ascending branches 2 to 3 feet. 1 to 2 feet.	10.00 1.00 .50	6.00 3.50	
very brilliant yellow.	Specimens, 3 to 5 feet, \$3.00 to nidal, the tips of new growth	10.00		
BALSAM FIR, see Fir. BLUE SPRUCE, see Spruce.	Specimens, 5 to 6 feet, \$3.00 to Specimens, 5 to 6 feet, \$3.00 to a very graceful medium-size 2 to 3 feet. 1 to 2 feet.		12.50	
in their nature as to new perfectly hardy, and for g	cyparts or Rethnispora). noderate growth and some of them so dwarf er grow more than 2 or 3 feet tall. All are grouping, where a mass of low evergreen foli- ot excelled. We have a large and varied col- iare specimens. (Hinoki Cypress).	20.00		
appearance, medium size,	Specimens, 3 to 5 feet, \$2.00 to ies of evergreen of refined 2 to 3 feet. remaining green through the orms of this species are all 6 to 12 inches.	$\begin{array}{c} 20.00 \\ 1.50 \\ 1.00 \\ .75 \end{array}$	12.50 7.50 6.00	50.00 40.00
CYPRESS JAPAN (Obtusa) Similar to the above bu CYPRESS JAPAN (Obtusa) Low form with a rich; CYPRESS JAPAN (Obtusa) The gem of the lot; co foliage. This is the form ing their famous dwarfs nursery grown. All inter CYPRESS JAPAN (Obtusa)	yreen moss-like effect. 12 to 18 inches. VAR. NANA, Specimens, 2 to 4 feet, \$3.00 to ompact form and deep green 18 to 24 inches. In the Japanese use in creat- 12 to 18 inches. (chabo-hiba). Imported and 8 to 12 inches.	10.00 1.00 1.50 1.00 50.00 2.50 2.00 1.00 .75 2.00 1.50 1.50 1.75	8.00 12.50 7.50 20.00 17.50 8.00 6.00 17.50 12.50 8.00 6.00	150.00 75.00 50.00 60.00 40.00

6	THE ELM C	CITY NURSERY Co., NEW HAVEN, Co	N NECTICUT.		
	EVERGR	EEN TREES-Continued.	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
The phardy an CYPRESS J	ea-fruited specie nd graceful, med APAN (<i>Pisifer</i> e	a) (Sawara Cypress) 30 to 36 is so f the Japan Cypress. Very 24 to 30 is lium size trees. 18 to 24 is 7) VAR. AUREA 2 to pped with golden yellow. 12 to 15 is	nches. 1.25 nches75 3 feet. 1.75	\$18.00 9.00 6.00 15.00 8.00	60.00
CYPRESS GATA A ver CYPRESS J	JAPAN (Pisife y dwarf form w APAN (Pisifera	via) VAR. NANA VARIE	nches. 1.50 nches50	3.50	
CYPRESS REA .	ng rapidly into JAPAN (<i>Pisife</i>	a beautiful plant. 1 to: (ra) VAR. FILIFERA AU- 3 to	3 feet. 1.50 2 feet. 1.00 4 feet. 4.00 3 feet. 3.00	12.50	80.00
CYPRESS J Dwarf	APAN (Pisifera and very distin	18 to 24 ii 2) VAR. LEPTOCLADA 10 to 12 ii 10 to 12 ii 10 to 12 ii 10 to 12 ii 10 to 12 ii 11 to 24 ii 12 to 10 ii 12 to 10 ii	nches. 2.00 nches. 1.50 nches75	25.00 18.00 6.00	
be made garden to every	almost any forr work. Its grac one.	Specimens, 2 to 10 feet, \$2 ery bushy and if trimmed, can 18 to 24 in Nery much used in formal 12 to 18 in efful, delicate foliage appeals 8 to 12 in 6 to 8 in ra) VAR. PLUMOSA AR-	nches. 2.00 nches. 1.50 nches75	12.50 5.00 3.50	40.00
GENTEA Very I growth s the older	ike preceding, lilver tipped, progress, progress, to the province of the provi	Specimens, 15 to 18 inches, \$2 out even more compact. New 12 to 15 in boducing a strong contrast with 8 to 12 in 6 to 8 in VAR. PLUMOSA AUREA.	nches. 1.50 nches. 1.00	12.50 6.00 3.50	40.00 25.00
Simila warm go	to the two prelden foliage.	Specimens, 2 to 15 feet, \$2 ceeding forms, but with a rich 18 to 24 in 12 to 18 in 8 to 12 in	nches. 1.50 nches. 1.00	12.50 7.00 5.00	40.00
GATA Similar	to the three		nches. 1.00 nches75	12.50 7.00 6.00	40.00
a bluish-gr FIR AMERI	een color.	Specimens, 2 to 5 feet, \$1 a compact, feathery growth of 18 to 24 in 15 to 18 in 15 to 18 in 12 to 15 in FIR EUROPEAN SIL-	1.00 iches75 iches75	8.00 6.00 6.00 4.00	40.00
	17.	VER (Abies Picea). Specimens, 5 to 8 feet, \$3. FIR MT. ENOS (Abies Cephalonica).	.00 to 15.00		
	*	Specimens, 2 to 4 feet, \$1. FIR NORDMAN'S (Abies Nordmanniana). Specimens, 5 to 8 feet, \$3.			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		Lustrous, deep 24 to 30 in green foliage and 18 to 24 in symmetrical form. 12 to 18 in One of the grandest and best of the silver firs. FIR MANCHURIAN BALSAM (Abies	ches. 3.00 ches. 1.50	12.50	60.00
No.		Veitchii). Specimens, 3 to 5 feet, \$3. Very hardy, rapid 12 to 18 in grower, rich green foliage, similar to preceding, foliage delightfully fragrant. FIR SPANISH (Abies	00 to 6.00 ches75	6.00	
A.		Pinsapo) 1 to 2 FIR WHITE (Abies Concolor).		7.50	
1		Specimens, 3 to 6 feet, \$3. A beautiful spruce 24 to 30 in of rapid growth and 18 to 24 in withstands exposure 15 to 18 in to heat and drought 12 to 15 in better than any oth 10 to 12 in or evergreen we have. Its ge	ches. 2.50 ches. 2.00 ches. 1.50 ches. 1.00 ches. 50	17.50 12.50 7.50 3.50	60.00
		appearance is so striking the commands attention. FIR WHITE VAR. VIOLACAE. Specimens, 2½ feet to 8 feet, \$3. A variety with deep blue color and very long dles. A most striking lawn tree HEMLOCK AMERICAN	00 to 20.00 nee-		
tractive e;	Norway To end of at- fects can be with this ev-	(Tsuga Canadensis). 4 to 7 feet, \$1. Its pendant 3 to 4 branches and soft 2 to 3 deep green foliage 1 to 2 appeal favorably to 8 to 12 in us all. It is one of the few evergreens that grow in the shade of other trees; in it often seems to reach its beautiful development under t	feet. 1.25 feet. 1.00 feet50 ches25 very well fact, most	9.00 7.50 4.00 2.00	60.00 35.00 15.00

EVERGREEN TREES-Continued.	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
HEMLOCK AMERICAN—Continued. (Prices of Hemlock page 6).			
conditions. For general lawn and landscape planting			İ
this hemlock lends itself in more ways than perhaps			ĺ
any other evergreen. As a specimen, in groups or		1	
for free planting throughout a woodland it is always			
beautiful. Special prices quoted for hedge plant grades. IEMLOCK AMERICAN VAR. PENDULA (Sargent's).			
Specimens, 3 to 6 feet, \$3.00 to	\$8.00		
Most unique, branches drooping, very ornamental. 18 to 24 inches.	2.00	\$15.00	1
12 to 18 inches.	1.50	12.50	
IEMLOCK CAROLINA (Caroliniana) Specimens, 4 to 6 feet, \$3.50 to	15.00		
Graceful species, perfectly hardly, and quite different 3 to 4 feet.	2.50	22.50	
from Canadensis. 12 to 15 inches. HEMLOCK JAPANESE (Sieboldii)Specimens, 3 to 4 feet, \$3.00 to	$\frac{.35}{10.00}$	3.00	\$25.00
This hemlock has slender branches and bright glossy 2 to 3 feet.	2.00	17.50	
foliage and is very rare and beautiful.	1.50	12.50	
UNIPER CANADIAN OR COMMON (Juniperus Communis).		12.00	1
Specimens, 3 to 8 feet, \$2.50 to	10.00		
Our stock is grown from the form native in this 2 to 3 feet.	1.00		
vicinity which has a flat habit, making spreading 1 to 2 feet.	.50	4.50	
bushes. UNIPER DOUGLASS' GOLDEN (Juniperus Communis var.)			
Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$2.00 to	5.00		
Very fine golden form of the above. 12 to 18 inches.	1.00	7.50	
8 to 12 inches.	.50	4.50	
UNIPER CHINESE (Juniperus Chinensis). Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$2.00 to	5.00		
Foliage light green; especially rich in the winter.			
UNIPER CHINESE GOLDEN (Juniperus Chinensis var.)	70.00		
Specimens, 2 to 6 feet, \$2.00 to A charming form with rich golden foliage.	10.00	• • • • •	
JNIPER IRISH (Juniperus Communis var. Hibernica).			
Specimens, 3 to 5 feet, \$2.00 to	5.00		
The well-known Irish Juniper, pyramidal in form 2 to 3 feet.	1.25		
and of a striking silvery gray foliage. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet.	.75	6.00	
UNIDED NEADODEAN (Louis and 1) 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet.	.50	4.50	
UNIPER NEABOREAN (Juniperus Macrocarpa). Specimens, 3 to 6 feet, \$3.00 to	6.00		
Shrub-like and resembling our native red cedar.	0.00	• • • • •	
Very hardy.		1	i
UNIPER PROSTRATE (Juniperus Sabina var.) 2 to 3 feet.	1.50	12.00	
Clings to the ground. Fine for rock gardening. 1 to 2 feet	1.00	9.00	
UNIPER RED CEDAR (Juniperus Virginiana).			
Nursery grown specimens, 4 to 10 feet, \$1.50 to Our native red cedar, well known for its striking 3 to 4 feet.	10.00		
form and beautiful color. Carefully collected native 2 to 3 feet.	$\frac{1.00}{.75}$	6.50	1
stock from two to twenty teet at special prices 1 to 2 feet	.75	5.00 3.50	20.00
JNIPER RED CEDAR (Blue type) (Juniperus Virginiana var.)	.00	5.50	20.00
Specimens, 4 to 8 feet, \$3.00 to	15.00		1
A silvery form of the preceding. 4 to 5 feet.	2.00	17.50	
INIPER RED CEDAR (Weeping type) (Luciberus Vincipia)	1.50	12.50	
UNIPER RED CEDAR (Weeping type) (Juniperus Virginiana var.).	15.00		
This variety has long gracefully drooping branches. 2½ to 3 feet.	1 50	19.00	
JNIPER SWEDISH (Juniperus Communis var) 9 to 9 foot	$\frac{1.50}{1.00}$	$\frac{12.00}{7.50}$	
	.50	4.50	
the Irish Juniper.		1.00	
ICEA, see Spruce.	1		1
INE AUSTRIAN (Pinus Laricio)Specimens, 4 to 10 feet, \$1.00 to Well known and much planted. Very rapid growth 3 to 4 feet.	20.00		į
of Dieasing color. Does very well at the seachors	1.50	12.00	90.00
INE AUSTRIAN DWARF (P. Lar. Var. Compacta). 1 to 3 feet, \$4.00 to	.75	6.00	50.00
DWart, forming a compact clishion of green Poss Office 1	10.00	• • • • •	
INE BOTAN (P. Excelsa) Specimens 4 to 8 feet \$2.00 to	$\frac{3.00}{15.00}$	• • • • •	
		• • • • •	
VELV Table growing bine resembling the native white	2.00		
Very rapid growing pine resembling the native white pine somewhat; the foliage is very much longer. 2 to 3 feet.	$\frac{2.00}{1.00}$	7.50	



Norway Spruce, 1 to 20 ft. Blue Spruce, 1 to 10 ft. Stone Pine, 1 to 10 ft. White Spruce, 1 to 15 ft.

The above illustrations are taken from stock at our Nursery. They show what splendid balls of earth cling to the roots when we take them up for transplanting. Immediate effects are gained by using this specimen stock.

EVERGREEN TREES-Continued.	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100.
PINE BULL (P. Ponderosa) Specimens, 4 to 8 feet, \$3.00 to	\$10.00		
Sturdy and rapid grower. A western species and 3 to 4 feet.	2.00	\$17.50	1
strong and effective in outline. 2 to 3 feet.	1.50	12.50	
PINE LIMBER (P. Flexilis) 2 to 3 feet. A charming spreading pine from high in the Books 10 to 15 inches		7.50	
The first that ming, spreading pine from high in the Rocky 10 to 12 menes.	.75	6.00	\$40.00
Mountains. Very graceful.			
PINE MUGHO (P. Montana)	15.00	• • • • •	
any dry soil, and makes a very fine effect as a fore- 12 to 18 inches.	$\frac{1.50}{1.00}$	6.00	10.00
ground plant. 8 to 12 inches.	.50	$\frac{6.00}{4.00}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 40.00 \\ 30.00 \end{vmatrix}$
PINE NORWAY (P. Resinosa)	6.00	4.00	30.00
Very ornamental and extremely hardy. 2 to 3 feet.	1.50		
12 to 15 inches.		4.00	30.00
PINE PITCH (P. Rigida)	5.00		
Effective native; does well by sea-side.			
PINE RED (Japanese) (P. Densiflora) 4 to 8 feet, \$3.00 to		:	1
A strikingly beautiful pine of refined habit. 2 to 3 feet. PINE RED VAR. GOLDEN (Aurea)	1.50	12.50	
A rare variety, with golden foliage. Rare and 12 to 15 inches.	3.00	10.00	
charming.	2.00	18.00	
PINE SCOTCH (P. Sylvestris) Specimens, 6 to 15 feet, \$2.00 to	25.00		
Important European timber tree, very hardy and 4 to 5 feet.	1.50		
ornamental, Windbreaks of this pine, especially where 3 to 4 feet.	1.00	8.00	60.00
Important European timber tree, very hardy and ornamental. Windbreaks of this pine, especially where exposed to severe winds, are very satisfactory. Special prices for forestry and hedge blanting.	.75	6.00	40.00
that prices for forestry and neage planting.	.50	3.50	25.00
PINE SCOTCH VAR. BEUVRONNENSIS. Specimens, 12 to 18 inches, \$1.50 to	5.00		
Dwarf form of the Scotch Pine; very attractive.	= 00		
PINE SCOTCH VAR. GLOBOSASpecimens, 12 to 18 inches, \$2.00 to Another form with a low, cushion-like shape.	5.00		
PINE STONE (P. Cembra) Specimens, 2 to 7 feet, \$2.50 to	25.00		1
Elegant pine of the White Pine tribe with very sym- 18 to 24 inches.	1.50		
metrical habit while young. It is of very slow growth 12 to 18 inches.		5.00	40.00
forming beautiful specimens. 8 to 12 inches.	.50	4.00	30.00
PINE UMBRELLA (Sciadopitys Verticillata) Specimens, 3 to 8 feet, \$5.00 to This rare and perfectly hardy evergreen from Ja- 30 to 36 inches.		25.00	
pan is now becoming better known in this country. It 24 to 30 inches.	$\frac{4.00}{3.00}$	$35.00 \\ 25.00$	
always attracts the eye by its unique beauty. Its 20 to 24 inches.	$\frac{3.00}{2.50}$	20.00	
growth is in the form of a narrow pyramid, the leaves 18 to 20 inches.	2.00	15.00	
are dark green.		1	
PINE WHITE (P. Strobus)Specimens, 5 to 15 feet, \$2.00 to	20.00		
The grandest of our native evergreens and esteemed 4 to 5 feet.	1.50	12.50	
for its great beauty. They are always graceful and gffective, and finally assume very characteristic out 2 to 3 feet.	1.25	9.00	60.00
effective, and finally assume very characteristic out- 2 to 3 feet.	1.00	7.50	40.00
lines. Special prices for forestry planting. 1 to 2 feet.	.50	3.50	20.00
PINE WHITE VAR. BREVIFOLIA Specimens, 12 to 15 inches, \$2.00 to	$\frac{4.00}{.75}$	6.00	
Dwarf, compact, with short leaves. PINE WHITE VAR. NIVEA Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$2.00 to	5.00	0.00	
Dwarf and very bushy.	0.00		
PINE WHITE VAR. PARVIFLORASpecimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$2.50 to Compact form of preceding.	5.00		
PINE WHITE VAR. UMBRACULIFERA. Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$2.50 to Flat-topped bush with short leaves.	5.00		
PINUS, see Pine.			
PSEUDOTSUGA, see Spruce (Douglass). RETINISPORA, see Cypress (Japan).			
SCIADOPITYS, see Pine (Umbrella).			
SPRUCE ALCOCK'S (Picea Bicolor) Specimens, 2 to 6 feet, \$2.50 to	15.00		
European species, leaves green above and silvery 18 to 24 inches.	1.50	12.50	
blue beneath. Very compact in habit of growth. 12 to 18 inches.	1.00	7.50	
SPRUCE COLORADO BLUE (Picea Pungens).	20.00		
Specimens, 1 to 8 feet, \$3.00 to	20.00	15.00	
Perhaps the most popular evergreen now planted in 2 to 3 feet. the east and the demand, especially for the blue speci- 18 to 24 inches	$\frac{2.00}{1.50}$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c } & 15.00 \\ & 12.00 \end{array}$	
mens, is equal to the supply. We have a large stock 15 to 18 inches.	1.00	8,00	60.00
of splendid trees, all several times transplanted. 12 to 15 inches.	.75	6.00	40.00
To to the first transplanted.		0.00	, 20.00



Red Cedar, 1 to 20 ft. Japan Cypress, 1 to 8 ft. Douglas Spruce, 1 to 10 ft. Arborvitae, 1 to 15 ft.

Such beautiful specimens as these are the product of years of care and training. Both tops and roots have been frequently trimmed and trained so as to produce a maximum degree of beauty and certainty of successful transplanting.

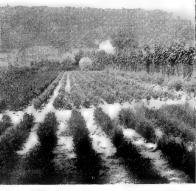
Per | Per

SPRUCE COLORADO BLUE WEEPING (P. Pungens Pendula). Specimens, 4 to 8 feet, \$3.00 to 20.00 Anew and beauti- ful form with drooping branches. SPRUCE DUGLASS' (Pseudotsuga Department of the 15 to 20 inches. A graceful ever- 24 to 30 inches. PRUCE DUGLASS' (Pseudotsuga Department of the 15 to 20 inches. A graceful ever- 24 to 30 inches. A graceful	EVERGREEN	TREES-Continued.	Each.	10.	100.
(Koster's) (P. Pungens Kosteril). Specimens, 3 to 10 feet, \$5.00 to \$50.00 A strain, with the 24 to 30 inches. \$6.00 Specimens, 3 to 10 feet, \$5.00 to \$50.00 A strain, with the 24 to 30 inches. \$6.00 Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$6.00 to \$60.00 Light terms and the strain of the 12 to 15 inches. \$6.00 Specimens, 4 to 3 feet, \$6.30 to \$60.00 Specimens, 4 to 3 feet, \$6.30 to \$60.00 Specimens, 5 to 5 feet, \$6.30 to \$60.00 A graceful ever-24 to 30 inches. \$60.00 Specimens, 3 to 5 feet, \$6.30 to \$60.00 A graceful ever-24 to 30 inches. \$60.00 Specimens, 3 to 5 feet, \$6.30 to \$60.00 Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$6.30 to \$60.00 Specimens, 3 to 5 feet, \$6.00		SPRUCE COLORADO BLUE			
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green through the winter, even where exposed to the 8 to 12 inches. 1.00 7.50	A rare and beautiful, lo	w-growing evergreen from 15 to 18 inches			
					40.00
sun and wind. It is a very slow grower. 6 to 8 inches75 6.00 40	sun and wind. It is a ver	y stow grower. 0 to 8 inches		1 0.00	1 40.00



Snap-shots down some Snap-shots down some of our nursery rows showing on what an extensive scale our stock is grown.

We spare no expense in its production, or in digging





and packing for shipment. This means so much to the buyer that our business is naturally as flourishing as the stock we grow.

Hardy Herbaceous Plants

For Autumn Planting.





PLANTS whose roots are hardy and remain alive from year to year and whose tops die annually to the ground are classified under this heading. It includes such splendid garden plants as Paeonies, Iris, Larkspurs, etc. The great ease with which these plants can be grown and their great variety of color and form and season of bloom makes them indispensable for the garden. Of late years, there has been a steadily increasing demand for this class of plants as well as a great improvement in the varieties, so that they now make an important feature in the business of many nurserymen. We are making them a specialty at the nursery, growing them in large quantities out in the open fields under the most favorable conditions. The classification is the one adopted by Prof. L. H. Bailey in the Cyclopedia of American Horticulture.

Description of height at flowering season and time of blossoming, general color of bloom, and very brief descriptions only are attempted in this abridged list.

list.

In arranging this list, we have used the popular or common names as far as seemed consistent.

Alphabetical List.

Alphabetical List.

ACHILLEA, see Yarrow.
ADAM'S NEEDLE, see Lilies.
ALTHAEA, see Hollyhock.
ALYSSUM SAXATILE (Golden tuft). ½ to 1 foot. May and Junc.
Forms a clump of velvety foliage and flowers are the richest yellow and fragrant.
*AMSONIA ANGUSTIFOLIA. 2 to 4 feet. May. Glossy, willow-like leaves, forming an attractive bush of foliage, turning rich yellow in the fall. Flowers deep blue.
ANEMONE JAPONICA and Varieties. *Spring planting advised.*
*ANEMONE PENNSYLVANICA. 1 to 1½ foot. June. Large, single, pure white flowers.
ANTHEMIS TINCTORIA ALBA. 2 to 3 feet. July to October. Creamy white, otherwise similar to the following, both being very desirable and of easiest culture.
ANTHEMIS TINCTORIA VAR. KELWAYI. 2 to 3 feet. July to October. Brilliant yellow daisies in great masses, splendid for cutting and for the border garden.
APIOS TUBEROSA. 6 to 8 feet. July. Of climbing habit and with wistaria-like foliage.
Blooms in clusters of pea-like flowers of a reddish chocolate color.
AQUILEGIA, see Columbine.
ARABIS, see Rock-Cress.
ARENARIA, see Sandwort.
ARABIS, see Rock-Cress.
ARENARIA, see Sunterfly-weed.
ASPERULA. *Spring planting advised.

*ASTER ALPINA. 6 to 8 inches. May to June. Low growing plant; fine for borders; effective for rockery. Flowers bright purple, rich yellow center.

*ASTER NOVAE ANGLIAE VAR. ROSEA. 2 to 5 feet. October and November.
A variety of our native New England aster, with very large flowers in the greatest profusion. Color, clear rosy red with rich golden center.

ASTER (Stoke's) (Stokesia). 1 to 2 feet. July to Sept. Double, light pleasing blue. Very desirable.

The above Hardy Herbaceous Plants are offered in three sizes, as follows, unless otherwise noted. The very heavy field clumps can only be supplied in the sorts marked with a * to the left.

Each. Per 100 \$35.00 15.00 10.00 15c.



ASTILBE, see Spiraea.
*BABY'S BREATH (Gypsophila Paniculata). 3 to 4 feet.
July to October. Produces a mass of the small white
flowers so disposed as to form a veritable cloud of
bloom. Keeps well when cut.
*BABY'S BREATH (Double). 3 to 4 feet. July to Oc-

bloom. Keeps well when cut.

*BABY'S BREATH (Double). 3 to 4 fect. July to October. A new form and very desirable.

BABY'S SLIPPER, see Lotus.

BALLOON FLOWER, see Platycodon.

*BAPTISIA AUSTRALIS (False Indigo). 4 to 6 fect. June and July. Clear blue. Foliage effective and lasts well through the season.

BEARD TONGUE, see Penstemon.

*BEE BALM (Monarda Didyma Var. Superba). 2 to 3 feet. July to October. One of the old garden plants which will ever be popular. Brilliant red foliage and flowers of spicy fragrance.

BERGAMONT, see Bee Balm.

BETONY, see Stachys Betonica.

BLACK-EYED SUSAN, see Rudbeckia.

BLACK-EYED SUSAN, see Rudbeckia.

BLANKET-FLOWER, see Gaillardia.

BLEEDING-HEART, see Dicentra.

*BOCCONIA CORDATA (Tree Calamdine). 5 to 8 feet. August and September. Spikes of feathered white. Splendid background plant.

*BOLTONIA ASTEROIDES. 6 to 8 feet. August and September. Tall plant, producing great masses of aslow center.

5 to 8 feet. August and September.

*BOLTONIA ASTEROIDES. 6 to 8 feet. August and September. Tall plant, producing great masses of aster-like flowers, white with yellow center.
*BOLTONIA LATISQUAMAE. 6 to 8 feet. August and September.
*BOLTONIA LATISQUAMAE NANA. 12 to 15 inches. August to September.
*BOLTONIA LATISQUAMAE NANA. 12 to 15 inches. August to September.
A dwarf form of the above. A new and desirable form.

BUTTERCUP (Double) (Ranunculus Repens Var. Fl. Pl.). 6 to 12 inches. May and June. Of the brightest yellow. Foliage very glossy green.
*BUTTERFLY-WEED (Asclepias Tuberosa). 2 to 3 feet. July and August. Orange. A very showy native plant and very desirable.

CAMPANULA CARPATICA. ½ to 1 foot. June to October. Blue.
Like the other Campanulas, the flowers are bell-shaped. In this species they are produced singly on delicate wiry stems, and are deep blue. One of the best dwarf plants.

CAMPANULA CARPATICA VAR. ALBA. ½ to 1 foot. June to October.
Similar to preceding otherwise than the color of the flowers, which are purest white.

CAMPANULA PERSICIFOLIA. June to October.

This species produces its flowers on stems 2 to 3 feet high. The flowers are in loose clusters, and are very effective. Color blue.

CAMPANULA PERSICIFOLIA VAR. ALBA. June to October. Blue spikes. Fine border plant and if naturalized among shrubs will remain vigorous for years.

CANDYTUFT (Hardy) (Iberis Sempervirens). 6 to 12 inches. April and May. White; evergreen foliage, Makes a wice foreground border plant.

CARDINAL FLOWER, see Lobelia Cardinalis.

CERASTIUM TOMENTOSUM (Snow in Summer). May and June. 6 inches. Light silvery foliage, masses of white bloom.

*CHNTAUREA, see Dusty Miller.

*CHRISTMAS-ROSE (Heleborus Niger). 6 to 12 inches. October to March.

This interesting pink and white plant really produces its flowers in the winter, out of deors. Daintily colored begonia-like blooms almost hidden in a clump of glossy evergreen leaves. It is best to select a place for this plant which is sheltered from the winds in winter and where it can remain for years undistur

*CHRYSANTHEMUM ULIGINOSUM (The Giant Daisy). 4 to 5 feet. July to September. Splendid plant for tall effects.

CHRYSANTHEMUM HARDY GARDEN (Pompons). Spring planting recommended. Our collection will be listed in our spring catalogue.

CONE-FLOWER, (Purple), see Echinacea.

CORE-BLIS, see Heuchera.

*COREOPSIS LANCEOLATA (Tickseed). 2 to 3 feet. June to October.

One of the best golden yellow flowers for the garden. Star-like blooms produced on wiry stems. Excellent for cut flowers.

*COREOPSIS ROSEA. 8 to 12 inches. July to September. Rosy-pink, yellow center. Dark green cut leaf foliage, interesting foreground plant.

*CROWN VETCH (Coronilla Varia). June to August.

A rampant creeper, with handsome globular heads of showy bright pink to white sweet pea-shaped flowers; a useful plant for the border and especially for covering banks, for the rockery and for naturalizing along the roadside.

CORONILLA, see Crown Vetch.

*CREEPING JENNY (Lysimachia Nummularia). This is the yellow creeping myrtle and very useful for rock-work and covering in shady places and on banks.

*DAISY SHASTA (Burbank's) (Chrysanthemum Leucanthemum Hybridum). June to August. 1 to 2 feet. Ray-flowers are of the purest glistening white, center golden yellow, bloom about four inches in diameter.

DAY-LILY, see Lilies.

DELPHINUM, see Larkspur.

*DESMODIUM PENDULIFOLIUM (Pea-Shrub). September and October.

While it is a true herbaceous plant the growth is so full and shrub-like that by Fall it has made a bushy plant from 3 to 5 feet high. Covered with wine red, pea-shaped bloom, which makes it very attractive. It is effective planted in masses where it has room to develop, grouped with shrubs or in the herbaceous border. A few large clumps at 75c. each, smaller sizes same prices as other herbaceous plants.

DIANTHUS, see Sweet William and Pinks.

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Per 100 **\$35.00 15.00 10.00** Each. Per 10. Very strong Field Clumps (Express or Freight)
Strong Field Grown, usual size (Express recommended)..
Smaller size (mostly field grown) 25c.

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE PAGE TWO.

*DICENTRA EXIMIA. 1 to 2 feet. May to September. Pink.

A beautiful Bleeding Heart of dwarf habit, producing graceful spikes of pendant blooms and very graceful foliage.

*DICENTRA SPECTABILIS (Bleeding Heart). 2 to 3 feet. May and June. Rose and white. An old favorite. Very desirable. Keeps well as a cut flower.

*DICTAMNUS ALBUS FRAXINELLA (Gas-plant or Artillery-plant). 2 to 3 feet. June and July. Very fragrant, white.

*DICTAMNUS ALBUS VAR. RUBRA. 2 to 3 feet. June and July. Rose color, otherwise similar to always.

similar to above. I**TALIS,** see Fox-Glove.

similar to above.

DIGITALIS, see Fox-Glove.

*DUSTY MILLER (Centaurea Gymnocarpa). Velvety white fern-like foliage, useful for borders and foregrounds.

*ECHINACEA PURPUREA (Purple Cone-flower). 3 to 5 feet. July to September.

The following Epimedium are all charming low-growing plants producing spikes and clusters of their attractive flowers in May and June. The foliage forms a cluster effective both in form and color. Especially useful for rockery planting. The following are distinct forms:

*EPIMEDIUM ALPINUM VAR. RUBRUM. 12 to 15 inches. June to July. Crimson.

*EPIMEDIUM PINNATUM VAR. COLCHICUM. 10 to 12 inches. Brilliant golden yellow. May to June.

*EPIMEDIUM DIPHYLLUM ROSEUM. 10 to 15 inches. April to May. Rose.

*EPIMEDIUM MUSSCHIANUM. 1 to 2 feet. May to June. Beautiful lilac flowers.

*EPIMEDIUM MUSSCHIANUM. 10 to 15 inches. May to June. Pale yellow flowers.

*EPIMEDIUM MACRANTHUM NIVEUM. 10 to 12 inches. May to June. White.

ERYNGIUM AMETHYSTINUM, see Sea Holly.

*EUPHORBIA COROLLATA (Spurge). 1 to 2 feet. July to October. White, very freely produced. Splendid border plant.

FALSE INDIGO, see Baptisia.

*EUPHORBIA COROLLATA (Spurge). I to 2 feet. July to Settlem.

FALSE INDIGO, see Baptisia.

*FESTUCA GLAUCA. 1 to 1½ feet. Silvery blue foliage grass; very effective.

FLAGS, see Iris.

*FLAN, PERENNIAL (Linum Perennum). 1 to 2 feet. June to September. A very desirable hardy garden plant, producing quantities of deep blue bell-shaped flowers on graceful delicate stems.

FORGET-ME-NOT (Myosotis Palustris). The true variety which blooms all summer. A delightful light blue.

FOX-GLOVE (Digitalis Purpurea). 3 to 5 feet. July and August. Old-fashioned garden favorite of easiest culture.

FERNS, HARDY. Charming native plants. Spring planting advised.

FOX-GLOVE (Digitalis Purpurea). 3 to 5 feet. July and August. Old-fashioned garden favorite of easiest culture.

FERNS, HARDY. Charming native plants. Spring planting advised.

GAILLARDIA ARISTATA (Blanket Flower). 2 to 3 feet. July to October. Bright red, yellow splashes. Very desirable garden border plant.

GARDEN HELIOTROPE, see Valeriana.

GAS-PLANT, see Dictamnus.

*GEUM HELDREICHI. 10 to 12 inches. May to August. Pretty border plant, producing beautiful orange-red flowers in great profusion.

*GEUM HELDREICHI VAR. SPLENDENS. New variety even more showy than preceding.

GERMAN IRIS, see page 13.

GOLDEN-GLOW, see Rudbeckia.

*GLOBE-FLOWER (Trollius Asiaticus). 1 to 1½ feet. May. Resemble beautiful double buttercups, rich clear yellow.

*GLOBE-FLOWER VAR. GRANDIFLORA. Similar to preceding, bue deeper in color.

*GLOBE-FLOWER VAR. ORANGE GLOBE. A variety with deepest orange color.

GRASS SEED, see page 23.

GROUND IVY, see Nepeta.

*GYPSOPHILA, see Baby's Breath.

*HELENIUM AUTUMNALE, see Sneczeweed.

HELIANTHUS, see Sun-Flower.

*HELIOPSIS LAEVIS. 4 to 5 feet. July to November.

Splendid hardy plant with rich yellow daisy-like flowers in great profusion. Very vigorous and will thrive under unfavorable conditions; splendid for cut flowers, lasting for weeks.

HELEBORUS, see Christmas Rose.

weeks.

HELEBORUS, see Christmas Rose.

HEMEROCALLIS, see Lilies.

IIEUCHERA SANGUINEA (Coral-Bells). 1½ to 2 feet. July to October.

The leaves are circular, with delicately fringed edges and of an attractive grayish marbled green and evergreen. Flowers coral red, small, and produced in loose clusters.

HIBISCUS, see Mallow.

HOLLYHOCKS. Always a popular garden plant and while they are grown from seed it takes one season of growth before they will bloom. There is always, therefore, a demand for plants of a blooming size. They require a very rich soil to get the best results. Following colors: Double Red, White, Yellow, Pink, Maroon, Salmon rose; Double-mixed: Allegheny—semi-double, Pink.

IBERIS, see Cardytuft.

Allegheny—semi-dou IBERIS, see Cardytuft.

"Shrubs and trees arrived vesterday in good ondition. Upon examination I find them all to excellent specimens. Thank you for your condition. U be excellent prompt and careful attention.

"You sent me 112 Sugar Maples and every one is growing. They are all in leaf clear to the tip and all look exactly alike."



Fox-Glorie.

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Very strong Field Clumps (Express or Freight) Strong Field Grown, usual size (Express recommended)... Smaller size (mostly field grown)

Per 10. **\$4.00** Per 100 **\$35.00** 50c. $15.00 \\ 10.00$

*German Iris (Iris Germanica) (Fleur-de-Lis.)



These splendid garden plants have been favorites for years and are so hardy and easily grown and produce such a bountiful display of beautiful flowers that they can be considered one of the most important of our garden plants. They are of easiest culture, requiring no special treatment, and will remain for years, even enduring neglect, and produce regularly each year their fine display of blooms.

VARIETIES.

AL DEL KALIIIR. Medium to late, medium to tall, vigorous, many flowers on a stem, very free bloomer; old-gold, changing to white, richly veined deep

royal purple.
AURIOLE. Late, medium dwarf, very E. Late, medium dwarf, very similar to Sans in form and color, beautifully penciled deep

velvety purple.

BLUE-BIRD. Medium to tall and quite early, full, incurved, of a clear deep blue color.

BRIDESMAID. Medium to tall, mid-season; very full and incurved, light rosy blue, changing to decept blue on the margins, which are exquisitely

CANDICANS. Mid-season and medium size of growth: very little incurved and of the clearest pale blue: freely veined with splashes of pure white. Very

freely distinct. PA Medium

distinct.

German Iris, good old favorite.
Few hardy garden plants are more desirable.

EDITH COOK. Medium to low grower, mid-season to late; clear pale blue, shaded edeper red.

EDITH COOK. Medium to low grower, mid-season to late, changing to deep rosy-red veined deeper red.

ERNEST BERNOT. Early to mid-season, medium to tall, very free bloomer; delicate orange exquisitely suffused rosy purple.

GARFIELD. Tall, medium to late, light blue, changing to rosy lilac on margins; light beard. JACKMANII. Tall and late, robust, of splendid habit; old gold, changing to a rich yellow buff beautifully suffused and shaded with deep rosy tints.

JOHN DEWITT. Mid-season to late, medium to low; light blue, deeper shade on margins; veined with royal purple.

JOHN DEWITT. Mid-season to late, medium to low; light blue, deeper shade on margins; veined with royal purple.

LA VALETTE. Tall, late, good full form, very full and incurved; general color, a clear pale blue suffused with rosy tints.

MAD. CHEREAU. Late and tall, of beautiful and unique form; pale blue and penciled with darker blue on the margin.

MAD. MODESTE. Medium to late. Incurving, pale blue splashed and margined purple.

PALLADA. Very late and tall. Resembles the early Florentine in its full large form. Color rich blue, being suffused with velvety royal purple.

POND POINT. Tall, very vigorous, very large and handsome, clearest deep blue.

QUEEN OF GYPSIES. Tall and late, rich old gold, delicately suffused and penciled with rosy lilac; with beautiful pencilings of a deeper hue.

QUEEN OF MAY (Maxomosata). Medium to late, tall, perfect form, clearest rose slightly buff at base, shading into clear rose veined with darker rosy-red.

QUEEN VICTORIA. Mid-season, medium, fine form; deep yellow very slightly suffused with rose.

rose.
SAMSON. Mid-season; dwarf; clear deep yellow, veined with deep rsuset.
SANS SOUCI. Medium to late season, clearest intense yellow, incurved, russet veining.
SILVER KING. Similar if not the same as Florentine. The earliest of the tall large type, of ideal full form, and when first unfolding is of the softest pale blue, whate at maturity.
SIR ROBT. PEEL (No. 41). Mid-season, medium to tall; clear light blue, changing to deeper shade at margin.
WALNERI. Mid-season and medium grower, clear light blue suffused with royal purple.



Pyramid Japanese Iris, Purity, wonderfully varied in color and form.

*Japan ese Iris.

(Iris Kaempferi or Laevigata.)

This splendid type of Iris is one of the most important of our strictly hardy permanent garden plants. For effective habit and gorgeous display of color it stands alone at its blossoming season, which is June 20th to July 20th.

The plants form strong clumps of effective narrow flag-like foliage, one to three feet high. The flower stems

effective narrow flag-like foliage, one to three feet high. The flower stems are slender and graceful, lifting the flower heads well above the foliage.

VARIETIES.

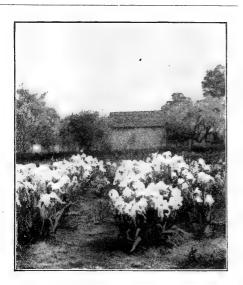
BLUE JAY. Late, medium tall, vigorous, very large, splendid form;
deep yellow at base, changing to
a soft azure blue.

DINAH. Mid-season, very tall, medium to large, double, deep blue
suffused with royal purple.

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Per 100 \$35.00 15.00 10.00 Per 10. \$4.00. 2.00 1.25 Each. Very strong Field Clumps (Express or Freight)
Strong Field Grown, usual size (Express recommended)..
Smaller size (mostly field grown) 50c. 25c. 15c.

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE PAGE TWO.



rom photo showing freedom of bloom of the Iris Pumila Hybrids. Taken at our nursery May 10th.

JAPANESE IRIS—Continued.

FRANCELLA. Early, medium tall, medium size, segments uniform size and broad, almost white at base, changing to deep rose at margins, effective.

KATHRYN. Early, tall and vigorous; broad, pale blue, beautifully veined royal purple.

KUMO-NO-SHO. Double, mid-season, tall, good size, white at base, freely veined rose, which suffuses the segment at the outer margin.

KUMO-NO-NYE. Late, double, splendid form, richest velvety royal blue, suffused slightly with royal purple, brilliant yelsuffused low throat.

OSHOKUN. Double, early, very tal branching, flower large and showy ments rich blue penciled deeper with white radiating lines. y tall and showy, seg-deeper blue

PYRAMID. Early to late, very strong grower and free bloomer, of largest size and splendid form, segments light blue at base, to deep blue on margins, suffused with

royal purple.

PURITY. Early, medium size, of the purest waxy white.

ROSY-MORN. Mid-season, tall and graceful, white at base, shading to deep rose.

URC-IN. Double, mid-season, tall and much branched, flower large, pale blue white, changing to rich clear blue.

*Iris Pumila (Hybrids.)

This is a new race of charming Iris, intermediate between the early Pumila and Germanica, in time of blooming and size of flower. The range of color is marvelous. By planting these new hybrids freely the Iris blooming season can be extended several weeks, as they begin blooming as early as May 1st, continuing up to the time the German Iris begin. They are perfectly hardy and will endure cheerfully no end of hardships. The following varieties are all very heautiful beautiful

ATROVIOLACEA. ATROVIOLACEA. 6 to 10 inches. Medium dwarf, early to mid-season. Violet mauve to maroon red, paling to light on the margin.

BRIDE. 12 to 15 inches. Mid-season. Clear ivory white, veined with green and

BRIDE. 12 to 15 inches. Milu-season. Clear white, slightly splashed with light blue, veined with yellow and green.

CYANEA. 6 to 10 inches. Deep velvety blue, painted with white veinings.

EBURNEA. 6 to 15 inches. Palest cream to white, slightly dashed with pale blue, paling to white.

EXCELSA. 8 to 12 inches. Clearest deep yellow, with slight maroon splashings beautifully veined.

FAIRV 10 to 15 inches. Pale blue to white, freely splashed with varying shades of

EXCELSA. 8 to 12 inches. Clearest deep yellow, with slight maroon splashings beautifully veined.

FAIRY. 10 to 15 inches. Pale blue to white, freely splashed with varying shades of blue from faint to the deepest blue.

FLORIDA. 12 to 15 inches. Clear lemon yellow, slightly splashed with blue, beautifully veined deep yellow.

FORMOSA. 6 to 12 inches. Royal blue to deepest velvety royal purple, orange at base. LUSTRA. 8 to 12 inches. Clear royal purple, paling to blue on margins.

LUTEA. 10 to 15 inches. Mid-season. Clear yellow to deeper yellow splashed with attractive markings of blue and maroon.

ROYAL. 12 to 15 inches. Deepest clear blue, paling on margins.

TROPHY. 10 to 12 inches. Deepest royal purple marbled at base with white and rich yellow.

*IRIS PSEUDACORUS. 3 to 5 feet. June. Very robust, flowers of medium size, intense

*IRIS PSEUDACORUS. 3 to 5 feet. June. Very robust, flowers of medium size, intense clear, deep yellow.

*IRIS SIBERICA. 2 to 3 feet. June. Robust growers, foliage somewhat like the Japan Iris. Flowers borne on slender stems, well up above the foliage; color, clear rich blue. Flowers are somewhat larger than our native field Iris. In bloom with the late German Iris. Very desirable and especially so for naturalizing.

*IRIS SIBERICA ALBA. Similar to preceding but white.

*IRIS SIBERICA FL. PL. Double form. Blooms late with the Japan Iris.

*IRIS SIBERICA VAR. ORIENTALIS. 2 to 3 feet. June. A beautiful Iris of the most vivid velvety deep blue, of medium size and blooming with great freedom.

*IRIS GERMANICA, see pages 13.

*IRIS KAEMPFERI, see pages 13 and 14.

*JACOB'S LADDER (Polemonium Caeruleum). 10 to 12 inches. May and June. A favorite old garden plant, producing a quantity of attractive blue blooms.

JAPAN IRIS, see pages 13 and 14.

KANSAS FEATHER, see Liatris.

KNIPHOFIA ALOIDES (Torch Lily). Spring planting advised.

LARKSPUR (Bee) (Delphinium Elatum) (Bee Larkspur). 3 to 6 feet. June to August. Deepest blue. A most desirable plant.

LARKSPUR (Delphinium Formosum). 3 to 6 feet. June to August. This type of Larkspur is superb. Color, soft porcelain blue; produced on tall spikes.

LATHYRUS LATIFOLIUS, see Page 22.

LEMON LILY, see Lilies, page 16.

*LIATRIS PYCNOSTACHYA (Kansas Gay Feather). 4 to 6 feet. July to August. Most showy and attractive plants, producing spikes of rosy-purple flowers.

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	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100
Very strong Field Clumps (Express or Freight)	50c.	\$4.00	\$35.00
Strong Field Grown, usual size (Express recommended)	25c.	2.00	15.00
Smaller size (mostly field grown)	15c.	1.25	10,00

Lilies (Hardy Garden.)

The family of lilies includes some of our most beautiful garden flowers and fortunately some of the most beautiful of them are perfectly hardy. They are many of them of easiest culture and even the less easy ones to succeed with bountifully repay for any extra attention they may exact.



Yellow Garden Lilies, See page 16. Hemerocallis.

NEEDLE (Yucca LILY * 4 D 4 \U'S mentosa). One of the most plants in cultivation for gen valuable general gar-ing. Its dagplants in cultivation for general garden and landscape planting. Its dagger-like foliage, which is evergreen, forms an attractive clump of foliage from which appear, in July and August, tall and stately spikes 3 to 6 feet high, bearing large panicles of white lilies, which are most picturesque and

high, which are most pictallilies, which are most pictallilies, which are most pictallilies, which are wery useful in the hardy border, as a foreground to shrubbery groups and about the foundations of buildings, etc. Their clusters of heart-shaped leaves and graceful flower heads showing effectively. They thrive well in partial shade, as well as in full sunshine. The following varieties are all very desirable:

*FORTUNES DAY LILY. 2 to 3 feet. July. A rare type. Large, glaucus, heart-shaped leaves, nale lilac.

glaucus, heart-shaped leaves, pale lilac.

*LANCE-LEAF DAY LILY. 1 to 2 feet. August to October. Small glossy foliage. Blue.

*LANCE-LEAF (White Margin). Similar to above, excepting the white margin, which makes the leaves very ornamental.

*OVATE-LEAF DAY LILY. 2 to 2½ feet. July to September. Larger foliage than the preceding and flower stems taller. Pale lavender.

August. Another beautiful sort with

*SIEBOLD'S DAY LILY. 1 to 2 feet. July and August. Another beautiful sort with silvery blue tint to foliage. Flowers pale lilac.

*WHITE DAY LILY (Subcordata). 1 to 2 feet. July and August. Large light green leaves, flowers purest white.

*VARIEGATED DAY LILY (Undulata). 8 to 12 inches. July and August. A very popular variety; leaves variegated white and green.

CORAL LILY (Siberian) (L. Tenuifolium). One of the most delicate and charming species. 1 to 2 feet high, with one to fifteen or more nodding rich scarlet flowers.

ELEGANS LILY (L. Elegans). These hardy lilies are very showy and of easiest culture, producing, during the early summer, their brilliant flowers very freely. The following are all attractive varieties:

VAR. BICOLOR. Bright red flushed orange, very showy and large.

VAR. PAINTED CHIEF. Bright flame color.

VAR. ROBUSTA. Magnificent large flower; orange spotted black.

VAR. AURORA. Deep rich orange, suffused scarlet.

VAR. LEONARD JOERG. Rich apricot spotted; very fine.

VAR. SANGUINEUM. Very rich dark red with few spots.

VAR. WALLACEI. One of the smaller and later forms; a very reliable one for general use.

eral use.

GOLDEN-BANDED LILY (L. Auratum). This is a most popular lily. No species ever had so much general favor. Flowers white, with a central golden band and numerous deep purple spots. Height. 2 to 6 feet. July and August. November delivery.

HANSON'S LILY (L. Maculatum). Attains a height of 3 feet. Flowers reddish orange, six to ten in a ciuster; petals thick and durable. A rare Japanese lily.

MADONNA LILY (L. Candidum). Handsome, large, fragrant, pure white flowers. Easy of culture; does best when left undisturbed after planting. August and September are the best months to plant.

SPECIOSIM LILY WHITE (L. Candidum).

culture; does best when left undisturbed after planting. August and September are the best months to plant.

SPECIOSUM LILY, WHITE (L. Speciosum Album). One of the best garden lilies; purest white. November delivery.

SPECIOSUM LILY, RED (L. Speciosum Rubrum). One of the most showy of lilies of medium height, and not difficult to grow in any good garden soil. Like preceding other than color, which is rosy red, beautifully marked with deeper red. November delivery.

TIGER LILY VAR. SPLENDENS (L. Tigrinum). This is improved Tiger Lily and a most beautiful lily for general use.

TIGER LILY (Double). Similar to above other than the flowers, which are quite double. Very desirable.

desirable.

TURK'S CAP LILY (L. Superbum). This native lily is one of the finest and most hardy of all lilies. It often attains a height of 6 feet, and produces a large number of flowers. Its flowers are bright orange in color, with dark spots.

See following page for other lilies.

"The trees came and were set out yesterday. They are all very nice and I am much pleased with them."
"I was very much pleased with the quality of shrubs sent, and will send in spring for other list to be filled."

The above Hardy Herbaceous Plants are offered in three sizes, as follows, unless otherwise noted. The very heavy field clumps can only be supplied in the sorts marked with a * to the left.

Per 100 \$35.00 15.00 10.00 Each. 5θc. 15c. FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE PAGE TWO.

Yellow Garden Lilies (Hemerocallis.)

These beautiful and fragrant golden lilies are of easiest culture, succeeding in almost any garden soil. They are remarkably free from the enemies that so unfortunately beset so many of our garden favorites. By a selection from the following list, these beautiful lilies can be had in flower from May to August. The leaf growth starts very early in the spring, adding a pleasing light green to the border where they are used. This growth quickly shoots up into a graceful clump of flowing rich green foliage, which lends its attraction to the garden border. Springing from this growth graceful flower spikes appear, liberally supplied with flowers and buds for several weeks. The color is from soft lemon to richest apricot yellow and deep orange, varying with the variety. Fragrance delightful. No other one class of strictly hardy garden lilies can be depended on to do more towards delightful permanent garden effects. Plant these lilies in the early fall and an abundance of flowers will follow the following blooming season. season.

VARIETIES OF YELLOW GARDEN LILIES. (See illustration on page 15).

AURANTIACA VAR. MAJOR (Hemerocallis). Orange yellow, new and rare. 50c. cach). 2 to 2½ feet. June and July. Large and rich. *EARLY LEMON LILY (H. Minor). 1 to 2 feet. Early June. Striking lemon yellow,

fragrant.

*EARLY YELLOW LILY (H. Dumorticrii). 1 to 1½ feet. June. Deep yellow and fragrant, quite dwarf and makes a splendid foreground plant.

*LEMON LILY (H. Flava). 2 to 3 feet. June and July). Clear lemon yellow; fragrant. This old garden lily is a great favorite.

*MIDDENDORF'S LILY (H. Middendorfiana). 1 to 2 feet. June to July. Deep golden yellow.

den yellow.

*ORANGE MAN LILY (H. Orange Man). 1 to 2 feet. July and August. Rich deep orange; very beautiful.

*ORANGE LILY (H. Fulva). 2 to 4 feet. July and August. This grand old lily is now much in demand. It is splendid for naturalizing in large masses. Large quantities at special prices for naturalizing along drives, etc.

ORANGE LILY VAR. KWANSO. Rich orange red; semi-double; very effective and desirable

desirable.

*ORANGE LILY VAR. VARIEGATA. A form of the orange lily with variegated green and white foliage, which form a very striking effect.

*THUNBERG'S LEMON LILY (H. Thunbergii). Late blooming Lemon Lily. 2 to 3 feet. July and August. Fragrant and very desirable. Rich lemon yellow.

*LILY OF THE VALLEY (Convallaria Majalis). A popular favorite and once planted increases in beauty for many years. Pips (single crowns), each, 5c.; per 10, 45c.; per 100, \$4.00. Clumps of roots, see price below.

LINUM PERENNUM, see Flax.

LOBELIA CARDINALIS (Cardinal Flower). 2 to 3 feet. August and September. Rich, fiery red flowers, handsome for the border.

*LOTUS CORNICULATUS (Baby's Slippers). July to November. Bright yellow; spreading on the ground. Good foreground border plants.

*LYCHNIS CHALCEDONIA. Scarlet Lightning. 1 to 2 feet. May and June. Very fine border plant.

der plant.

LYCHNIS CHALCEDONIA VAR. ALBA. 2 to 3 feet. June to July. White flowered form.

LYCHNIS CHALCEDONIA VAR. RUBRA PL. A very beautiful new double variety.

LYCHNIS HAAGEANA. 12 to 15 inches. May to July. Brilliant orange-scarlet flowers.

*LYCHNIS VISCARIA VAR. ALBA. 12 to 15 inches. May and June. White. A very dainty

*LYCHNIS VISCARIA VAR. ALBA. 12 to 15 inches. May and June. White. A very damty plant with evergreen foliage.

*LYCHNIS VISCARIA VAR. SPLENDENS. (Ragged Robin). 12 to 15 inches. May and June. Produces masses of very brilliant rose colored flowers, resembling Scotch Pinks.

*LYSIMACHIA BARYSTACHYS. 1 foot. June to August. Flowers white.

*MALLOW (Hibiscus Moscheutos Rosca) (Swamp Rose Mallow). A tall thrifty plant, desirable for sunny place. Flowers large, rose-colored and very showy.

*MALLOW VAR. CRIMSON EYE. Pure white, with deep crimson eye. Very choice and new. Perfectly hardy either in common garden soil or very

Perfectly hardy either in common gaiden son of very wet place.

MARSH-MALLOW, see Mallow.

MEADOW RUE, see Thalictrum.

MEADOW SWEET, see Spiraea.

MONARDA, see Bee-Balm.

*MONKSHOOD (Aconitum Autumnale). 5 to 6 feet. September, October. Deep blue and a stately, showy plant.

*MONKSHOOD (Aconitum Fisheri). 4 to 6 feet. August and September. Light blue.

*MONKSHOOD (Aconitum Napellus). 3 to 4 feet. June to July. Deep blue.

*MONKSHOOD (Aconitum Napellus Bi-Color). 3 to 4 feet.
MONKSHOOD (Aconitum Napellus Bi-Color). 3 to 4 feet.
July and August. Blue, mottled with white.
*MONKSHOOD (Aconitum Napellus Var. Album). Like preceding, but flowers almost white.
*MONKSHOOD (Aconitum Wilsonii). 4 to 6 feet. August and September. Deep blue.

*MONKSHOOD (Aconitum Wilsonii). 4 to 6 feet. August and September. Deep blue.

MOSS-PINK, see Phlox.

*MYRTLE BLUE (Vinca Minor).

One of the best evergreen plants for covering the ground and is a success in quite shady places, provided the ground is fertile.

*MYRTLE WHITE (Vinca Minor Var. Alba).

A pure white variety of preceding; not common in cultivation, but should be, as it is quite as easy to grow, and the white flowers are very beautiful.

NEPETA, see Ground Ivy.

OENOTHERA, see Primrose.



Lily of the Valley.

The above Hardy Herbaceous Plants are offered in three sizes, as follows, unless otherwise noted. The very heavy field clumps can only be supplied in the sorts marked with a * to the left.

Per 100 **\$35.00 15.00 10.00** Per 10. Each. **50c.**

Paeonies (Herbaceous.)



FestivaMaxima, magnificent white, see description below.

The Paeony is to-day without a rival as a hardy garden favorite, and quite naturally so, as no other hardy garden plant thrives with as little special care and produces as fine a display of gorgeous blooms. The great diversity of color and form which can now be obtained in the new and improved varieties very much increases their value.

Selected List of Varieties.

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1, 2, 3, 4. Delachei.

The number to the left of the variety indistry the sizes we have to offer of that variety.

Ambroise Verschaffelt. Dazzling red.
Large cup-shaped. Late.

Atrosanguinea. One of the best double reds. Deep, full and broad bloom.

Boule de Neige. White, lightly sulphured. Center bordered with carmine.

Canari. White, with yellow center, \$1.00, 75c., 50c.

Caroline Mather. Very large double, rosy crimson. Silky petals, yellow center.

Cleopatra. Violet rose, rich yellow stamens. Single. \$1.50, \$1.00, 75c.

Delachei. Dark red, fine, very late. One of the best, with very upright stems.

Duke of Wellington. Sulphury white sort, of fine form, recently sent out. Very vigorous grower and free bloomer: \$1.25, \$1.00, 75c., 50c.

Duchess de Nemours (white). A wonder-oct. 1, 2, 3, 4,

of fine form, recently sent out. Very vigorous grower and free bloomer. \$1.25, \$1.00, 75c., 50c.

Elegans. Outer petals rose; center full with curving and twisting petalets, shading from light rose to white. Tall, vigorous grower and free bloomer.

Festiva Alba. (syn. Queen Victoria and Alba Superba). Double sulphury white.

Festiva Maxima. By many considered the best white yet introduced, both in color and form. Of the purest white, splashed with a few streaks of crimson. Our stock is the true strain which is so difficult to obtain. \$1.25, \$1.00, 75c., 50c.

Fragrantissima. Early and very free bloomer. Outer rows of petals clear rose, inner petals very numerous. Medium to low grower.

Francis Ortegal. Deep maroon red, broad glossy petals, shows yellow center. Gigantea. Free grower, very large, deep pink. One of the latest sorts.

Giadstone. Satiny pink petals, inner petals creamy pink. Ideal form and color.

Golden Harvest. Nearest to yellow and splendid form. \$1.50, \$1.00, 75c.

Humeii Rosea. Enormous double flowers of a clear rose, one of the very latest.

Juno. Single dark rose.

Lady Brauwell. Pink.

Lee's Grandiflora. Superb late double sort, deep rosy red. \$1.50, \$1.25, \$1.00, 75c.

Madam de Verneville. On strong stem; very well formed, compact, full imbricated blooms, literally packed with overlapping petals; sulphur white, center delicate rosy white with an accidental touch of carmine. \$1.50, \$1.25, \$1.00, 75c.

Mons Rousselon. Free bloomer, clear pink, fine for cutting.

Officinalis Flora Plena. Double crimson. Piny of the old gardens, always desirable.

Officinalis Rosea Plena. Very early, double, light pink, changing to lighter rose.

Officinalis Rosea Superba. Light rose, beautiful flower, very early. \$1.50, \$1.00.

Pink Beauty. Double, free bloomer, light clear pink, desirable.

Reine Hortense. Late flowering; light rose and full to the center. Habit very erect. Richardson's Rubra Superba. Large, late, vigorous, called the Red Festiva Maxima. Rubra Triumphans. (Reeves). Bright carmine, almost a si 1, 2, 3, 4. 1, 2, 3, 4. 1, 2, 3, 4.

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We have many other varieties on trial which will be listed as they prove desirable.

Prices for Herbaceous Paeonies, except where otherwise noted.

Numbers	to the left of the variety	indicate the sizes o	of that variety we	have to offer.
No. 1. Extra	size, very heavy,	Each, \$1.00	Per 10, \$9.00	Per 100, \$80.00
	blooming size		Per 10, 6.50	Per 100, 50.00
No. 3. Well	established	Each, .50	Per 10, 4.50	Per 100, 35.00
No. 4. Divide	d roots	Each, .25	Per 10, 2.00	Per 100, 15.00

Special Collection, our selection only.

		2nd size, 20 varieties			
1st size, 20 varieties	17.50	3rd size, 10 varieties	4.50	4th size, 20 varieties	3.75
2nd size, 10 varieties	6.50	3rd size, 20 varieties	8.00		





Miss Lingard, Hardy White Phlox, one of the best early white.

*PACHYSANDRA TERMINALIS. 6 to 8 inches. Foliage evergreen and very much resembles our interesting native wood plant, Princess Pine. It is perfectly adapted to the shade under trees or the shady side of a building, and will form a solid evergreen covering where grass will not grow. We now have a large stock of it and will gladly quote special prices by the thousand. Samples showing the evergreen character of the foliage mailed without charge, on request.

PAPAVER, see Poppy.

*PEA, PERENNIAL (Lathyrus Latifolius). 5 to 6 feet.
June to October. Rosy pink.

*PEA, PERENNIAL VAR. ALBA. A white variety of pre-

ceding

*PEA, PERENNIAL VAR. PINK BEAUTY. A new and

very beautiful variety.

*PENSTEMON DIGITALIS (Beard-Tongue). June and July. 2 to 3 feet. Nodding white fox-glove-like flowers on graceful open panicles.

*PENSTEMON BARBATUM. July and August. 2 to 3

ers on graceful open panicles.

*PENSTEMON BARBATUM. July and August. 2 to 3 feet. Brilliant red tube-like flowers in loose panicles.

PERIWINKLE, see Myrtle.

*PHLOX AMOENA. 3 to 5 inches. April and May. Very desirable for carpeting the ground and for rockeries. Bright pink.

*PHLOX DIVARIACATA (Wild Sweet William). 6 to 8 inches. April and May. Lilac, showy; very attractive and desirable.

miches. April and May. Lilac, snowy; very attractive and desirable.

PHLOX, Paniculata, Tall Garden Varieties.

Hardy Phloxes are now among the most popular of hardy garden flowers and justly so. Perfectly hardy, easy to make thrive, and producing gorgeous color effects. The following list has been selected from our large collection as comprising the cream of the distinct colors. Other varieties can also be supplied.

*BOUQUET FLOURI. Medium dwarf, flowers white with crimson center.

*CARAN D'ACHE. A large flower, rosy carmine color, center violet tinged with rose.

*COQUELICOT. As brilliant as an Oriental poppy; orange-scarlet, one of the best.

*ETNA. Bright red, tinged with salmon.

*HERMINE. Very dwarf, pure white.

*INDEPENDENT. Tall grower, late bloomer, fine large creamy white flowers.

*ISABY. Medium tall grower, very vigorous, panicles of fiery salmon-red florets.

*JOAN OF ARC. Pure white, very free. Unsurpassed for producing solid mass of white.

Early to mid-scason.

*LUSTRE. Light rosy pink, medium tall grower.

*MADAME BEZANSON. Best crimson, very large.

*MARIE LOUISE. Tall grower, medium late; flowers rose to white.

*MISS LINGARD. White with very light pink eye, long panicles, very early.

*NETTIE STEWART. White, pink eye, very early; similar to Miss Lingard.

*PLACIDA. Very strong grower and late, very large panicles of rosy lilac florets of great substance.

*PREMIER MINISTER. Very strong grower and late, very large painties of rosy flac horets of great substance.

*PREMIER MINISTER. Very strong grower, late bloomer, enormous heads of large florets, pink, almost white, changing to the deepest crimson in the center.

PILOX SUBLATA (Moss Pink). 3 to 4 inches. May. Forms low, flat masses of evergreen foliage. When in bloom presents a solid mass of color. Splendid for borders, foregrounds

foliage. When in bloom presents a solid mass of color. Splendid for borders, toregrounds and rockery.

*VAR. ALBA. A white form of the aove.

*VAR. ATRO-RUBRA. Clear deep claret.

*VAR. SADIE. Clear white with the slightest shading of rosy lilac, producing a very effective tint; one of the best.

*PHYSOSTEGIA VIRGINICA (False Dragon Head). 3 to 4 feet. July and August. Effective spikes of clear pink flowers.

*PHYSOSTEGIA VIRGINICA VAR. ALBA. 3 to 4 feet. July to August. A white form.

*PINKS, MAIDEN (Dianthus Deltoides). 6 to 10 inches. May to July. Small fragrant pink flowers. Evergreen bluish green foliage.

*PINKS, SCOTCH (Dianthus Plumarius). 9 to 12 inches. May and June. Pink, fragrant.

*PINKS, SCOTCH, VAR. HER MAJESTY. 9 to 12 inches. May and June. Double white; fragrant. As large and finely formed as a carnation pink.

*PINKS, SCOTCH, VAR. PERPETUAL SNOW. 9 to 12 inches. May to October. A revelation in Hardy Pinks. Beautifully fringed, pure white, clove-scented.

*PINKS, SCOTCH, VAR. WHITE RESERVE. 9 to 12 inches. May to July. Beautiful double white and very fragrant.

*PINKS, SCOTCH, VAR. WHITE RESERVE. 9 to 12 inches. May to September.

lation in Hardy Pinks. Beautifully fringed, pure white, clove-scented.
*PINKS, SCOTCH, VAR. WHITE RESERVE. 9 to 12 inches. May to July. Beautiful double white and very fragrant.

*PINKS, SWEET WILLIAMS (Dianthus Barbatus). 1 to 2 feet. July to September.

Dear to the heart of many a flower lover, the literature of the old-time garden teems with pleasant references to this splendid plant. Perfectly hardy and easily grown, its brilliant flowers lasting for many weeks.

ALL COLORS MIXED. No end of combinations of color.

EMPEROR WILLIAM. The most intense velvety crimson red imaginable.

PEACH BLOW. A most delicate clear pink suggesting a shading of sulphur.

*PLATYCODON GRANDIFLORUM (Balloon Flower). 2 to 3 feet. June to October.

Resembles the Campanulas. The large blue bell-like flowers are produced in clusters of from three to six. Plant blooms all summer and is very hardy and desirable.

*PLATYCODON GRANDIFLORUM VAR. ALBUM. 2 to 3 feet. June to October.

A white form of the above. Both are fine for cutting.

PLATYCODON GRANDIFLORUM VAR. MARIESI. 1 foot. June to October.

Deep blue bells 3 inches across.

POLEMONIUM CAERULEUM, see Jacob's Ladder.

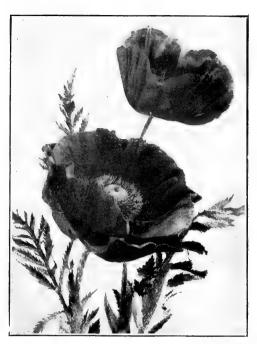
*POPPY, ICELAND (Paparer Nudicaule). 1 to 2 feet. June to November.

These interesting little poppies with their smooth bluish green foliage and bright golden to orange flowers produced at intervals all summer are among our most desirable garden plants.

plants.

The above Hardy Herbaceous Plants are offered in three sizes, as lows, unless otherwise noted. The very heavy field clumps can only supplied in the sorts marked with a * to the left.

Per 10. \$4.00 2.00 1.25 Per 100 \$35.00 15.00 10.00 Each.



Oriental Poppy. most dazzling gorgeous garden flo**w**er.

POPPY, ORIENTAL (Papaver Orientale).

2 to 3 feet. June and July. Great showy flowers of the most dazzling brilliancy. No trouble with their transplanting successfully if done in the autumn

The following new varieties of this beautiful oriental poppy range in color from almost white to the deepest red-black. 25c. grade only.

DAZZLER. The most brilliant fiery

scarlet.

DUKE OF TECK. Crimson scarlet.
GOLIATH. Enormous scarlet flow-

ers. LADY ROSCOE. New, distinct, ter-

ra-cotta.

MAHONY. Darkest carmine-purple.

MARIE STUDHOLM. Pure salmon silvery shading with touch

of carmine.

PRINCESS VICTORIA LOUISE.

Pure rose.

QUEEN ALEXANDRA. Clear sal-

mon rose.

REMBRANDT. Enormous size, distinct shade of orange salmon.

ROYAL SCARLET. Glowing scar-

let. POTENTILLA

let.
FENTILLA (Garden Hybrids). May to September. 6 to 12 inches.
Very desirable border plant. Handsome foliage, brilliant rose-like flowers.

VARIETIES.
GOLD KUGEL. Clear yellow
LAURIUM. Yellow and red.
NIGRA PLENA. Dark, almost black

VARIABILIS PLENA. Scarlet and yellow. VERSICOLOR. Yellow and red.
PYRETHRUM ROSEUM (Pink Daisy). 2 to 3 feet. June to August. Rose. Desirable plants with a growth similar to our field daisy.

PYRETHRUM ULIGINOSUM, see Chrysanthemum.
RAGGED ROBIN, see Lychnis.
RANUNCULUS, see Buttercup.
*RUDBECKIA LACINIATA (Coneflower). 6 to 10 feet. July to September. Golden yellow.
*RUDBECKIA LACINIATA VAR. FL. PL. 6 to 10 feet. July to September.

This is now the extremely popular Golden-Glow. It is one of the most desirable tall-growing hardy plants ever introduced. The blooms, of a rich golden yellow, are produced with great freedom and resemble double cactus dahlias. As a garden plant or as a cut flower, it is almost indispensable during its blooming season.

*RUDBECKIA SPECIOSA VAR. NEWMANII. 2 to 3 feet. July and August. Pure yellow, dark disk.

*RUDBECKIA SUBTOMENTOSA (Black-Eyed Susan). 2 to 3 feet. July to October. Yellow, dark cone.

*RUDBECKIA STECIOSA VAR. ALL. Serios Low, dark disk.

*RUDBECKIA SUBTOMENTOSA (Black-Eyed Susan). 2 to 3 feet. July to October. Yellow, dark cone.

*SAXIFRAGA CRASSIFOLIA (Rockfoil). 1 to 2 feet. May. Rose lilac.

*SEA HOLLY (Eryngium Amethystinum). 3 to 4 feet. July to August. Finely cut shiny foliage with thistle-like flowers of amethystine blue.

*SEA LAVENDER, see Statice.

*SEA LAVENDER, see Statice.

*SEDUM ACRE (Stone Crop). Fine for rockeries. 2 to 3 inches. June and July. Yellow.

*SEDUM ACRE (Stone Crop). Fine for rockeries. 2 to 3 inches. June and July. Yellow.

*SEDUM ALBUM. 3 to 4 inches. July and August. White, red center.

*SEDUM OPPOSITIFOLIUM. 3 to 4 inches. July. White flower. Opposite leaved.

*SEDUM SIEBOLDII. 3 to 4 inches. July. Rose tinted.

*SEDUM SIEBOLDII. 3 to 4 inches. August to September. Flowers bright pink.

*SEDUM SPECTABILE (Showy Sedum). 1 to 2 feet. September and October.

A splendid garden plant, the showy flat panicles of rosy pink being very effective.

*SEMPERVIVUM PYRENAICUM (Houseleek) (Hen and Chickens). 6 inches. July and August. Fine for rockeries. Habit and blooming very attractive and interesting.

*SHASTA DAISY, see Chrysanthemum.

*SNEEZE WEED (Helenium Autumnale). 6 to 7 feet. August and September.

One of the best tall-growing garden plants. Flowers golden yellow; in large masses.

*SNEEZE WEED VAR. GRANDICEPHALUM CUPREUM. 3 to 4 feet. July to September. This new variety of Helenium produces coppery red flowers of a rich shade.

*SPIRAEA ARUNCUS (Aruncus Sylvester). 5 to 6 feet. May and June. Creamy white.

A cesirable, strong-growing plant, fine for backgrounds to herbaceous borders.

*SPIRAEA FILIPENDULA (Ulmaria Filipendula). 2 to 3 feet. May and June.

Beautiful fern-like foliage which remains fresh and green throughout the Summer. Flowers are produced on spikes and are white and very graceful.

*SPIRAEA PENTAPETALA (Double) (U. Pentapetala Var. Fl. Pl.). 2 to 3 feet. May and June. Creamy white.

Calcadid new garden spiraea.

CHINENSIS (Astilbe Chinensis). 2 to 3 feet. June. Pink to rose. Very desirable.

*SPIRAEA JAP. VAR. GRANDIFLORA (A. Jap. Var. Grand.). 1 to 2 feet. May and June. Creamy white.

The above Hardy Herbaceous Plants are offered in three sizes, as lows, unless otherwise noted. The very heavy field clumps can only supplied in the sorts marked with a * to the left. follows.

Per 100 \$4.00 2.00 \$35.00 15.00 STACHYS BETONICA (Betony). 1 foot. June. Attractive clear pink spikes.

*STACHYS LANATA (Wooly Woundwort). 1 to 1½ feet. July and August.

Valuable for its very pearly, velvety foliage and ruby red flowers on spikes.

*STATICE LATIFOLIA (Sea Lavender). 1 to 2 feet. August and September.

A beautiful plant producing a cluster of broad evergreen leaves from 4 to 8 inches long. The flowers are produced on slender wiry stems which branch into a bushy head of branches bearing small blue flowers in profusion. Thrives at seashore.

The flowers are produced on slender wiry stems which branch into a bushy head of branches bearing small blue flowers in profusion. Thrives at seashore.

STONE CROP, see Scdum.

STOKESIA CYANEA (Stoke's Aster) (Corn Flower Aster). 1 to 2 feet. July to September. Double, light pleasing blue, two to four inches in diameter.

*SUNFLOWER (Graceful) (Helianthus Orgyalis). 5 to 7 feet. October and November. The tall flower spikes of the plant produced so late in the season with their medium sized, sunflower-like blooms, disposed all along the stems, make i tespecially useful.

*SUNFLOWER (Maximillian) (H. Maximiliani). 4 to 6 feet. August to October. Fine golden yellow, valuable late flowering plant.

SUNFLOWER (Miss Mellish) (H. Rigidus Var.). 1 to 3 feet. July to September. Sparingly branched; rough; flowers rich yellow. One of the best.

*SUNFLOWER (Pearl) (H. de Capitalus Multiflorus Fl. Pl.). 2 to 4 feet. August to October. Resembles a golden double dahlia.

SWEET WILLIAM, see Pinks.

*TIIALICTRUM AGUILEGIAFOLIA (Feathered Columbine). 1 to 3 feet. May to July. White.

THALICTRUM MINUS VAR. ADIANTIFOLIUM. 1 to 2 feet. July and August. Foliage delicately arranged and graceful.



Sweet William, see Pinks.

THALICTRUM MINUS VAR. ADIANTIFOLIUM. 1 to 2 reet. July and August. White.
Foliage delicately arranged and graceful.

*THALICTRUM POLYGONUM (Rue Anemone). 2 to 3 feet. July and August. White.
A very graceful native plant which thrives well in the garden.

*THYME, see Thymus.

*THYMUS CITRIODORA AUREA (Golden Thyme).
Very trailing. Orange scented.

*THYMUS SERPHYLLUM (White Mt. Thyme). May.

Forming dense mats of dark green foliage with white

Forming dense mats of dark green foliage with white

*TRADESCANTIA VIRGINICA (Spider Wort). 1 to 2 feet. June to August. Blue; grass-like foliage.
*TRADESCANTIA VIRGINICA ALBA. White form,

and very attractive.
*TRADESCANTIA DOUBLE ROSE. This double type

is also attractive.
TROLLIUS, see Globe Flower.
UNIOLA LATIFOLIA (Spike Grass). 2 to 4 feet. Very

UNIOLA LATIFOLIA (Spike Grass). 2 to 4 teet. Very ornamental.

*VALERIANA OFFICINALIS (Garden Heliotrope). 4 to 6 feet. June and July. White, fragrant. An old garden favorite.

*VERONICA SPURIA (Amethystina) (Speedwell). 1 to 2 feet. May and June. Blue; in spikes.

*VERONICA LONGIFOLIA VAR. SUBSESSILIS. 2 to 3 feet. July and September. Spikes of showy flowers of the deepest clear blue make this plant very desirable.

*VERONICA SPICATA. 2 to 4 feet. June to August.
Deep blue in spikes.

VINCA, see Myrtle.

VINCA, see Myrtle.

VIOLA, see Violet.

VIOLET, CRESTED (Viola Cornuta). Beautiful pansy-like violets with blue flowers and glossy foliage; blooms all summer.

VIOLET, CRESTED, WHITE (V. Cornuta Var. Alba).

Like the preceding; with pure white flowers.

VIOLET, CRESTED HYBRIDA VAR. LUTEA SPLENDENS.

This hybrid produces beautiful yellow flowers, and is a splendid new plant.

VIOLET, ENGLISH (V. Odorata Var. Fl. Pl).

The true double, sweet-scented English hardy violet. Color is of the deepest blue, and produced in such great profusion in the early spring as to quite cover the plant and fill the air with their delightful fragrance.

VIOLET, ENGLISH, WHITE (V. Odorata Var. Alba).

Like preceding other than the flowers, which are single white.

VIOLET, ENGLISH, DOUBLE WHITE (V. O. Var. Alba Fl. Pl.).

Another beautiful form. Flowers double white, very large, tinted with pale blue.

WINDFLOWER, see Anemone.

WINDFLOWER, see Anemone.

*YARROW, FERN-LEAVED (Achillea Filipendulina). 3 to 4 feet. June to September.

This is a very decorative plant, clear yellow, producing flat corymbs.

*YARROW, THE PEARL (A. Ptarmica Var. Fl. Pl.). 1 to 2 feet. May to October. Double white. A very effective plant, especially when in bloom. Much prized as a cut flower.

*YARROW, RED (A. Millefolium Var. Rubra). 1 to 3 feet. June to October. Aromatic, fern-like foliage, which is very ornamental. Wine red.

*YARROW, WOOLY (A. Tomentosum). 8 to 10 inches. June and July. Handsome cut foliage and bright yellow flowers.

YUCCA, see Lily.

Garden Herbs and other Hardy Roots.

Catnip. Each, 15 cts; per 10, \$1.25. Chives. (Clumps). Each, 15 cts; per 10, \$1.25. Fennel. Spring planting recommended. Hop-Vine. Spring planting recommended. Horseradish. Each, 5 cts.; per 10, 40 cts.;

Sage. Holt's Mammoth. Each, 20 cts.; per 10, \$1.50; per 100, \$8.00.

Spearmint. Meadow Mint. Each, 15 cts.; per 10, \$1.25.

Tansy. Each, 15 cts.; per 10, \$1.25.

Tarragon. Each, 15 cts.; per 10, \$1.25.

Thyme. Orange Scented. Each, 15 cts.; per 10, \$1.25.

Wormwood. (Artemesia). Each, 15 cts.

Hop-Vine. Spring planting recommended.
Horseradish. Each, 5 cts.; per 10, 40 cts.;
per 100, \$2.50.
Peppermint. Each, 15 cts.; per 10, \$1.25.
Rhubarb. Pie-Plant). Each, 15 cts.; per 10, \$1.25.
Rhubarb. Pie-Plant). Each, 15 cts.; per 10, \$1.25.
The above Hardy Herbaceous follows, unless otherwise noted.
be supplied in the sorts marked

per 10, \$1.25.
Tarragon. Each, 15 cts.; per 10, \$1.25.
Thyme. Orange Scented. Each, 15 cts.; per 10, \$1.25.
Wormwood. (Artemesia). Each, 15 cts.
Wormwood. (Artemesia). Each, 15 cts.
The very heavy field clumps can only with a * to the left.

Per 10. \$4.00 2.00 1.25 Each. Per 100 \$35.00 $15.00 \\ 10.00$

Holland Bulbs for Fall Planting.

WHAT a joy to watch for the first Snowdrops and Crocuses! Their appearance sends a pleasant thrill all through the garden lover, for spring-time is never far away when they arrive. The early Tulips, Hyacinths, Daffodils, Scillas, etc., soon follow in all their glory, and the garden where Dutch Bulbs are freely used is glorious with their graceful forms, brilliant colors and delicate perfumes all during the early spring.

It is desirable to place your Dutch Bulb order as early as possible so the bulbs can be shipped direct to you as soon as they reach us, even though you will not be ready to use them until later.

Hyacinths.

Single Hyacinths.

Baron Van Thuyll. Pure white, early.
Charles Dickens. Porcelain blue.
Czar Peter. Deep porcelain blue.
General Pelissier. Deep scarlet, early.
Gertrude. Fine bright red.
Giganthea. Fine pink, very large.
Grandeur A Merveille. Blush white.
King of the Blues. Dark blue.
King of the Vallows. Bost wellow.

Mary. Rich, dark blue, early. Queen of the Blues. Light blue. Robert Steiger. Red, very fine. Roi des Beiges. Glossy red.

Double Hyacinths.

Bloksberg. Blue.
Bouquet D'Orange. Orange yellow.
Bouquet Royal. Pink.

King of the Yellows. Best yellow. Bo	ouquet Royal. Pink. ouquet Tendre. Dark red. oble Par Merite. Red, early.
Prices.	
Both Single and Double Named Hyacinths. Si Extra selected size \$0.15 \$1.25 \$10.00 Usual size .12 1.00 8.00	ngle and Double Hyacinths in Separate Colors, and, white, blue, yellow, rose; also all colors mixed. Each. 10. 100. tra selected size \$0.12 \$1.00 \$8.00 sual size08 .75 6.00
	lips.
\V. 12	•
Artus. Dazzling scarlet Belle Alliance. Scarlet Canary Bird. Pure yellow Chrysolora. Golden yellow Cottage Maid. Rosy pink Coleur Ponceau. Violet	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Single Tulibs. Crimson King. Bright crimson.	
Keizerkroon. Red and yel- Ea. 10. 100 low	
low \$.04 \$.25 \$1.00 La Immaculee. Pure white03 .25 1.50	Double Early Dwarf Tulips.
Pottebakker. Pure yellow. .03 .20 1.75 GI Pottebakker. Pure white. .03 .20 1.75 Pottebakker. Scarlet .04 .30 2.00 La Vellow Prince. Pure yellow .02 .15 1.25 AI	coria Selis. Red and yellow Ea. 10. 100. low \$.03 \$.20 \$1.75 a Candeur. Pure white .03 .25 1.75 ex Rubrorum. Scarlet .03 .25 2.00 I Colors. Choice double mixture, per 1000, \$9.30 .15 1.00
Late Flowering	Tuline
Ea. 10. 100. Bizarren. Superfine mixed \$.02 \$.15 \$1.25 B Parrot or Dragon. Super-	Ea. 10. 100. y bloemens. Superfine mixed
Narcissus or	Daffodils.
Single and Trumpe Poeticus. White, orange cup Stella. White, yellow cup Horsfieldii. White and yellow Trumpet Major. Golden yellow Golden Spur. Large yellow	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	\$0.02 \$0.15 \$1.00 th yellow
Jonqui	ls.
Double. Deep yellow, fine	\$0.03 \$0.20 \$1.50
Campern	elle
Single. Very large flowers	\$0.02 \$0.15 \$1.00
Baron Von Brunow. Blue Mont Blanc. Pure white Cloth of Gold. Yellow All Colors. Mixed	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Lilies (Hardy Garden)

Are listed under Lilies in Hardy Herbaceous Plants, pages 15 and 16.

The Hardy Flower Garden.

We will be glad to send sketches and lists of desirable plants for special locations and purposes whenever requested. It is important for us to know the general character of the soil, location, exposure as to temperature, sunshine or shade, etc., in fact, any special local features that tend to modify conditions.

Pot-Grown Strawberry Plants.



Strawberry Pot-Grown.

F pot-grown strawberry plants are set out in well-prepared ground during the months of September or early October, they will produce a good crop of berries the following season. The many advantages gained by the use of pot-plants, even at the advance in price over the ordinary layer-plants, make their use advisable even where large plantations are to be made, and for the garden offer every advantage, as they can follow garden vegetable crops.

Pistillate and Staminate.

Varieties marked "P" are pistillate, and the varieties marked "S" are staminate. Every fouth row at least or every fourth plant in a row should be a staminate variety to get the best results.

How Far Apart to Plant.

If for garden cultivation, plant in rows 18 inches apart and one foot apart in the row. If for field cultivation, plant in rows three to four feet apart and from 12 to 15 inches apart in the row. If selection of variety is left to us, we will send the kinds we believe will give the the row. results.

Select List of Well-Tested Varieties.

The following list covers the season of ripening from very early to late.

Almo. (S.) Tremendous bearer of large handsome fruits.

Brandywine. (S.) Of immense size, firm, solid and shapely. Rich, juicy and luscious.

Gandy. (S.) The leading late variety. Very robust habit. Fruit large, good quality.

Haverland. (P.) A fine grower, very productive. Long, medium size and good quality.

Lester Lovett. (S.) Extra late. Rich flavor, and with a delightful aroma.

McKinley. (S.) Great yielder of finely formed rich-colored, delicious fruit. Mid-season.

President. (P.) Rich quality. Covering a longer season of ripening than any berry we have tested.

Very early. Medium size and splendid quality for so early a berry. t. (P.) Early season. Rich-colored, firm, and of the best quality. (P.)

Prices of Strawberry Plants.

Pot-grown, ready September 1st Each, \$0.06 Per 10, \$0.50 Per Layer Plants, ready September 20th Each, .04 Per 10, .30 Per Layer Plants, after October 20th Each, .03 Per 10, .20 Per Not less than 5 of a kind at per 10 rates; 25 of a kind at per 100 rates Per 100, \$3.50 Per 100, 1.25 Per 100, 1.00

Pulverized Sheep Manure.



BOTH first cost, economy and ease of applying are too important factors to disregard in the handling of fertilizers. In Pulverized Sheep Manure we have nature's own way and in a most convenient form for handling. It is through pulverizing machines. If you have never used Pulverized Sheep Manure, you will be agreeably astonished with the results.

Apply on the lawns in the autumn and a deep green growth will quickly follow, which will remain throughout the season under favorable conditions. For applying at time of seeding down new lawns, nothing will give better results. For lawns apply on the surface broadcast 100 pounds to the 1,000 square feet; for the garden, two or three times this amount, depending upon the soil. Two or three tons to acre.

Prices of Pulverized Sheep Manure.

In bags, 100 or more pounds and less than 500, per lb., 2c.
In bags, 500 or more pounds and less than 2,000, per lb., 1½c.
In bags, 2,000 lbs. (ton), \$25.00; five tons, \$115.00, F. O. B., New Haven, Conn.
Car lots, in bag or bulk, 15 to 20 tons, f. o. b. your station, prices promptly quoted.
Five ton lots or less delivered from our own warehouse here at New Haven, Conn. Car lots shipped direct from stockyards.

Edgewood Lawn Grass Seed Mixture.

Is made up of recleaned seed of highest quality and composed of a number of varieties, which, sown together, make an ideal mixture both for quick and permanent results. This Edgewood Mixture is sold by weight only—never in bulk. Note instructions for sowing with each package, for much less quantity is required than with usual grass seed mixtures on the market. Use one pound for 200 square feet, and 150 to 200 lbs. to acre.

Fine lawns can be established by fall seeding. The weather conditions are usually very favorable at this season.

Price.

Per lb., 25 cents; 3 lbs., 65 lbs., \$8.25; 100 lbs., \$16.00. 65 cents; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.85; 15 lbs., \$2.75; 25 lbs., \$4.25;

"The trees and shrubs set last fall made a fine growth. I shall always recommend your stock."
"We thank you for the excellent nursery stock furnished."

Grandiflora Alba

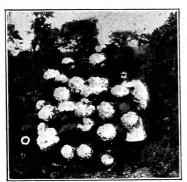
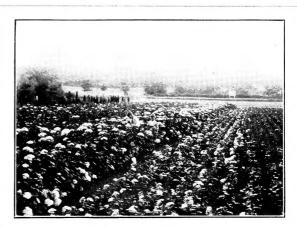


Photo of plant of the new Hy-drangea Grandiflora Alba, made at the nursery July 3 last.

The New Hydrangea.



A Field at the Nursery showing New Hydrangea.

THIS wonderful New Hardy Hydrangea bids fair to become a most popular hardy garden shrub just as soon as better known and enough stock can be propagated to supply the demand. It is perfectly hardy, needing no protection, and will thrive in almost any location, even where quite shady, although it delights in a rich mellow soil. It attains a size of three to four feet high and spreads as it develops, although it can be trimmed back quite to the ground each year if desired, and when so treated it sends up a number of vigorous stems, each crowned with an enormous head of bloom. As early as June 20th the flower heads are fully developed, which is a happy happening, as few shrubs are in blossom at this time. For a month or more the blooms remain pure white, then turn very slowly to a light green tint, and as the season advances assuming deeper green shades, finally toning down to the color of the foliage. The whole expression of the plant is refined and elegant, entirely free from the coarseness of some of the other Hydrangeas. (See illustration). Plant it either as a specimen to develop individually, in detached beds or groups, or in groups as the foreground for other and taller shrubs, in fact, no other shrub lends itself to so many attractive uses.

Prices.

Delivery after October First.

\$9.00 per 10. 6.00 per 10. 4.50 per 10. 3.00 per 10. \$75.00 per 100. 50.00 per 100. 30.00 per 100. 20.00 per 100.

Note.—All the above quoted plants will bloom the first season after planting.

What Others Say.

'The new Hydrangea Alba Grandiflora, after another season, has strengthened my opinion as to its merits. The plants which I purchased from you stand in an exposed situation and have stood the drought of the past two seasons remarkably, as well as the severe winters. This season they have made a fine growth and are furnishing an abundance of bloom. I consider this new Hyydrangea a great addition to the summer flowering hardy shrubs."

"The Hydrangea Alba Grandiflora has bloomed profusely this season and given great satisfaction.

"We are very well pleased with the new Hydrangea Alba Grandiflora. It is an attractive plant and makes a pleasing contrast to the other varieties."

"The Alba Grandiflora Hydrangea has done very well this year and is a beautiful plant."

"The Hydrangeas Alba Grandiflora have grown very well, and are quite satisfactory." "The Hydrangeas Alba Grandiflora have grown very well, and are quite satisfactory."

"The Hydrangea Alba Grandiflora has made a strong, rapid growth this season; blossomed full and so large bunches that we were obliged to tie them up in order to keep them from the ground. It could not have done better."

"The New Hydrangea Alba Grandiflora are wonderful in their growth for two years. They have been one mass of flowers for the past month, and show no signs of fading or changing color. They are fine for grouping and make a wonderful show."

"I am very glad to say the Hydrangea has been most satisfactory. It has grown nicely in an exposed situation, has been in flower six weeks now. Hope to order more when I get a better idea of improving the place."

"The Hydrangeas are now in full bloom and have proved good for all you claim for them. They stand our severe winters and are very satisfactory."

The Elm City Nursery Company

EDGEWOOD, Edgewood Avenue, NEW HAVEN, CONN.

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The Elm City Nursery Company

Landscape Department What to do with the garden problem naturally perplexes one who really wants best

results. Our wide experience enables us to approach the subject directly and econom-

ically.

Our services are at your command. We can do the planning, supply material and execute the work all under one contract. This means economy of cost and guarantee of best results. Ample references.

The Elm City Nursery Company New Haven, Conn.

